## 2. Effect of cyclic hydroxamates on germinating H. turcicum spores.

In maize, a single gene, <u>Ht</u>, conditions chlorotic lesion resistance to Northern corn leaf blight, the causal agent of which is <u>Helminthosporium turcicum</u> Pass. The <u>Bx</u> gene mediates the production of cyclic hydroxamic acids and related compounds which have been implicated recently in the resistance mechanism of maize, wheat and rye to both insects and fungi.

A bioassay test was performed to determine the fungitoxicity of cyclic hydroxamates on germinating spores of H. turcicum. DIMBOA (2,4-dihydroxy-7-methoxy-1,4-benzoxazine-3-one) was isolated and purified to be used in the test which utilized solution ranging from 1-10 p.p.m.

Spore suspensions were prepared from cultures which were cut into small blocks and placed in a flask containing distilled water. The flask was shaken gently and the spore suspension filtered through glass wool. Fresh spores were added to drops of the test solution and placed on hanging drop microslides. The spores were incubated at room temperature overnight, killed and stained with IKI, and the percentage germination determined.

The results indicated that inhibition is significant at all concentrations, and is nearly complete above 6 p.p.m. Spores which germinated had significantly shorter germ tubes than the control at all concentrations. DIMBOA may therefore act in killing spores at the point of penetration and in slowing down the spread of the mycelium.

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## 3. Comparison of intact and detached corn leaves in bioassay tests with Helminthosporium turcicum.

Diffusates from corn leaf lesions were tested for their effects on spore germination of <u>H. turcicum</u>. Several genotypes were tested, including monogenic resistant (<u>HtHt</u>) and susceptible (<u>htht</u>) plus various combinations with (<u>BxBx</u>) and (<u>bxbx</u>) (MNL 1970). In the <u>HtHt</u> genotype, phytoalexin was apparently produced earlier in the intact than in the detached leaf. Diffusates from the intact leaf decreased both the rate