

Pa = paramutagenic determiners

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2. Correction of a published statement concerning a supposed new class of paramutable R alleles of Andean origin.

It was reported in an article entitled "Geographic distribution of paramutable and paramutagenic \underline{R} alleles in maize" recently published (Genetics 61:677-695) by W. J. Van Der Walt and the writer that certain \underline{R} alleles of Andean origin undergo a reduction in pigmenting potential on passage through heterozygotes with standard \underline{R}^r . It was concluded at the time that these Andean alleles represented a previously unrecognized class of paramutable \underline{R} factors.

Later tests have not confirmed this claim. The mistake is probably attributable to two circumstances: (1) the Andean \underline{R} alleles in question appear to be subject to significant variation in expression from season to season, in contrast to standard \underline{R}^r and (2) the testcrosses of the controls (homozygous Andean \underline{R} \underline{R} and Andean $\underline{R}/\underline{r}$ of and of the heterozygotes of Andean \underline{R} with standard \underline{R}^r on which the published report was based were made in different years.

Adequately controlled testcrosses with three of the Andean \underline{R} alleles in question were made in 1969. The results clearly showed no effect of heterozygosity for standard \underline{R}^r for either one or two generations on level of Andean \underline{R} action.

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